2010 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - II (Optional)

200042

Total Marks : 200

Nature : Conventional Duration : 3 Hours

Note:

Standard : Degree

- (i) Answers must be written in English.
- (ii) Question No. 1 is Compulsory. Of the remaining questions, attempt any four selecting one question from each section.
- (iii) Figures to the RIGHT indicate marks of the respective question.
- (iv) Use of log table, Non-programmable calculator is permitted, but any other Table/Code/ Reference book are not permitted.
- (v) Make suitable assumptions, wherever be necessary and state the same.
- (vi) Number of optional questions up to the prescribed number in the order in which they have been solved will only be assessed. Excess answers will not be assessed.
- (vii) Credit will be given for orderly, concise and effective writing.
- (viii) Candidate should not write roll number, any name (including their own), signature, address or any indication of their identity anywhere inside the answer book otherwise he/she will be penalised.

1. Answer *any four* of the following :

(a) For an SCR gate cathode characteristic is given by Vg = 1 + 10 Ig. Gate source voltage is a rectangular pulse of 15V with 20µsec duration. For an average gate power dissipation of 0.3 W and a peak gate drive power of 5 W.

10

Compute:

compute.

- the resistance to be conducted.
- (ii) the triggering frequency.
- (b) With reference to pulse code modulation, calculate the number of levels if the number of bits per sample is:
 - (i) 8 (as in telephony).
 - (ii) 16 (as in compact disc audio systems).
- (c) Find DFT of x(n) = [1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1] using DIT FFT alogarithm.
- (d) Write on the power scenario of India ingeneral and Maharashtra in particular. 10
- (e) What are the salient features of electricity act 2003?

P.T.O.

SECTION - A

2.	Ansv	ver the following sub – questions :	
	(a)·	(i) Draw characteristics of IGBT.	5
		(ii) State addressing modes of 8085.	5
	(b)	A dc chopper is used for regenerative braking of a separately excited dc motor. The supply voltage is 400 V. The motor has $ra~0.2~\Omega$, $km~1.2~v-s/rad$. The average armature current during regenerative breaking is kept constant at 300 A with negligible ripple. For duty cycle of 60%.	15
	Dete	rmine (i) power returned to dc supply.	
		(ii) min & max permissible breaking speeds.	
		(iii) speed during braking.	
	(c)	Write a program in 8051 to find the maximum number from given ten. 8 bit numbers.	15
3.	Ansv	ver the following sub questions :	
	(a)	(i) State turn on methods of thyristors.	5
		(ii) State type of interrupts of 8085.	5
	(b)	Explain operation of 3 phase bridge inverter operating in 120° mode.	15
	(c)	State important features of 8051 family.	15
		www.mpscmaterial.com	
4 .	Answer	the following sub-questions :	
	(a)	Draw the block diagram ob basic communication system and explain its various elements. Also explain by drawing simple wave form the difference between AM and FM system.	15
	(b)	State and explain various advantages offered by optical fibre communication.	15
	(c)	State the comparison of the characteristic laser light and ordinary light.	10
5.	Answer	the following sub questions :	
	(a)	Explain following modulation technique.	15
		(i) Pulse frequency modulation.	
		(ii) Pulse time modulation.	
		(iii) Pulse position modulation.	
	(b)	Draw Block diagram of delta modulation transmitter, receiver and corresponding wave form, at input and output.	15
	(c)	Discuss various optical properties of optical fibre material.	10

SECTION - C

- 6. (a) Find the impulse response of the system modeled by the differential equation 10 To $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = x(t) - \infty < t < \infty$
 - (b) Evaluate the Fourier transform of the system whose unit sample response is 10 h(n) = 1 for $0 \le n \le N 1$ = 0 elsewhere
 - (c) Find the input signal x(n) that will generate the output signal $y(n) = \{1, 5, 10, 11, 8, 4, 1\}$ for a system with impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$.
 - (d) Find a forced response of the system described by the difference equation y(n) + 2y (n-1) + y(n-2) = x(n) + x(n-1) for the input $x(n) = (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)$.
- 7. (a) (i) Check that the system is causal or not. If $y(n) = \frac{1}{2} \left[x(n-1) + \frac{x(n)}{x(n-1)} \right]$ (ii) Explain Gibb's phenomenon.
 - (b) The step response of a LTI system is 10 $s(n) = \left[\frac{1}{3}\right]^{n-1} u(n+2) \text{ find system function } H(z)$
 - (c) Design a Chebyshev filter with maximum pass band of 2.5 dB, at $\Omega_p = 20$ rad/sec and the stop band attenuation of 30 dB at $\Omega_s = 50$ rad/sec.
 - (d) (i) The filter co-efficient H = -0.673 is represented by sign magnitude fixed point arithmetic. If word length is 6 bit, compute the quantization error due to truncation.
 - (ii) Write a note on high speed convolution. 5

Marks

SECTION - D

8. State the primary energy sources available in India & discuss their potentialities. 15 Also explain the future trends in energy developments in India. (b) A Synchronous motor draws power from a synchronous generator having 15 $Eg = 1.2 \angle 9^{\circ}$ and $Em = 0.95 \angle -21^{\circ}$. The transfer reactance between them *Xgm*=1.3 pu. Discuss the possible ways by which the maximum power limit can be increased beyond 1.0 pu (c) Enumerate the simplifying assumptions made for stability analysis of a two 10 machine systems and derive the swing equation. 9. (a) (i) Draw the basic schematic diagram of a typical wind mill and explain energy 8 conversion. 7 What are the power quality issues related to solar energy. Consider the incremental model for an unregulated synchronous machine and 15 (b) prove that the system is unstable, if either synchronizing power coefficient or synchronous damping is -ve. What are the power system stabilizer and write in brief on their use. 10 (c)

www.mpscmaterial.com