### 2007

# MEDICAL SCIENCE - I (Optional)

100059

Standard: Degree

Total Marks: 200

Nature: Conventional

Duration: 3 Hours

#### Note:

- (i) Answers must be written in English.
- (ii) Question No. 1 is Compulsory. Of the remaining questions, attempt any four selecting one question from each section.
- (iii) Figures to the RIGHT indicate marks of the respective question.
- (iv) Number of optional questions upto the prescribed number in the order in which they have been solved will only be assessed. Excess answers will not be assessed.
- (v) Credit will be given for orderly, concise and effective writing.
- (vi) Candidate should not write roll number, any name (including their own), signature, address or any indication of their identity anywhere inside the answer book otherwise he/she will be penalised.
- (vii) For slab of 10 marks, the examinee is expected to write answers in 125 words.

## 1. Answer any four of the following (10 marks each):

(a) Describe limbic system under following heads:

	(i) Parts	2
	(ii) Connections and Circuits	4
	(iii) Functional Significance	4
(b)	What is erythropoiesis? Describe the stages and factors affecting it.	10
(c)	Discuss the laboratory investigations in a case of acute myocardial infarction	ı. <b>10</b>
(d)	Enumerate organisms causing sexually transmitted infections. Discuss laborat diagnosis of primary syphilis.	ory 10
(e)	Enumerate drugs used in moderate hypertension. Describe mechanism of act of ACE inhibitors and its adverse drug reactions. What are its advantages of beta blockers?	

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			SECTION - A	Marks	
2.	Answer the following sub-questions:				
	(a)	(i) (ii)	Describe the Sinuses of Pericardium with suitable diagrams.  Describe the walls of middle ear cavity and add applied importance.	5 5	
	(b)	Des ana	scribe Venous drainage of Inferior extremity and add a note on its applied tomy.		
	(c)	(c) Describe in detail the development of Testis, its descent and its applied aspec			
	(d)	(i) (ii)	Classify joints with suitable examples.  Explain in details Lyon's hypothesis with suitable examples.	10 5 5	
3.	Ans	wer ti	he following sub-questions :		
	(a)	Des	cribe arches of foot with suitable examples and applied anatomy.	10	
	(b)	(i) (ii)	Describe Broncho-Pulmonary segments with applied importance.  Describe stomach bed with suitable figure.	5 5	
	(c)	(i) (ii)	Intra-Embryonic Mesoderm. Notochord.	5 5	
	(d)	(i) (ii)	Describe microscopy of Pituitary gland with suitable figure.  Draw and label various symbols used in pedigree charts.	5 5	
			SECTION - B		
4.	Ans	wer th	ne following sub-questions :		
	(a)	(i) (ii) (iii)	Clinical significance of Rh group.  Dead space.  Glomerular Filtration Rate	4 3 3	
	(b)	(i) (ii) (iii)	Peristaltic movements of gastrointestinal tract.  Myxedema.  Difference between UMN and LMN lesion.	3 4 3	
	(c)	Wha impo	t are enzymes? Describe their classification and nomenclature. Name the ortant serum enzymes used in diagnosis of diseases.	10	
	(d)	Defin	ne hormones. Give an account of mechanism of action of hormones acting 1gh second messenger.	10	

5.	Anst	Ma wer the following sub-questions :	rks
	(a)	(i) Process of Coagulation of blood.	4
	( )	(ii) Describe the ECG in Lead II.	3
		(iii) Heat gain and heat loss mechanisms.	3
	(b)	(i) Digestion of Carbohydrates	3
		(ii) Physiological basis of action of oral contraceptive pills	4
		(iii) Photochemistry of vision.	3
	(c)	Discuss the synthesis of glucose from non-carbohydrate sources.	10
	(d)	What is Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)? Write a note on application of PCR.	10
		SECTION - C	
6.	Ansa	wer the following sub-questions :	
	(a)	Describe the healing of a clean uninfected surgical wound.	10
	(b)	Enumerate the causes of nephrotic syndrome. Describe the pathogenesis morphology and clinical course of minimal change disease.	10 10
	(c)	Define hypersensitivity. How do you classify various types of hypersensitivity reactions. Describe type I hypersensitivity reactions.	10
	(d)	Enumerate protozoa pathogenic to man. Give laboratory diagnosis of intestinal amebiasis.	10
7.	Anst	wer the following sub-questions :	
	(a)	Describe the etiopathogenesis and laboratory findings in acute lymphoid leukemia.	10
	(b)	Describe the etiology, morphology and CSF findings in acute pyogenic meningitis.	10
	(c)	What is a carrier? Name and define various types of carriers.	10
	(d)	Enumerate the modes of transmission of HIV infection. Discuss the various opportunistic infections which can occur during the course of HIV infection.	10

Marks

# **SECTION - D**

8.	Answer the following sub-questions:				
	(a)	(i)	What is tolerance? What is its importance? Describe mechanisms of tolerance with examples.	3	
		(ii)	What are indications for parenteral iron therapy? What are its disadvantages?	3	
		(iii)	Describe mechanism of action and uses of carbamazepine. What precautions should be taken when the patient is on carbamazepine treatment?	4	
	(b)	(i)	Describe mechanism of action and uses of fluoroquinolones.	3	
		(ii)	Name selective estrogen receptor modulators and give their uses.	3	
		(iii)	Describe uses and adverse effects of oxytocin.	4	
	(c)	Define and classify Injuries. Discuss injuries caused by rifled fire arm and its investigations.			
	(d)	Disc	uss CIVIL and CRIMINAL Responsibility of mentally ill person.	10	
9.	Ans	wer th	ne following sub-questions:  WWW.mpscmaterial.com		
	(a)	(i)	What is plasma half life? What is its clinical importance?	3	
		(ii)	Describe mechanism of action of calcium channel blockers. What is the disadvantage of verapamil over amlodipine?	3	
		(iii)	Describe drug treatment of organophosphorus poisoning. Which drug will reverse CNS symptoms of organophosphorous compounds?	4	
	(b)	(i)	What is lepra reaction? How will you treat it?	3	
		(ii)	What is the mechanism of action of metformin? What is its advantage over sulphonylureas?	3	
		(iii)	Describe mechanism of action and therapeutic status of inhalational corticosteroids in bronchial asthma .	4	
	(c)	Define Death. What are the mode and manners of death? How post mortem interval can be estimated?			
	(d)		ne and classify poision. What are the laws related to poision? Add a note on ervation of viscera.	10	